



High Voltage Thyristor Module

$V_{RRM} = 2000\text{ V}$

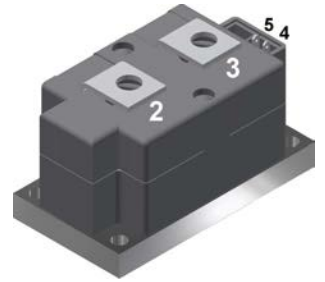
$I_{TAV} = 464\text{ A}$

$V_T = 1,01\text{ V}$

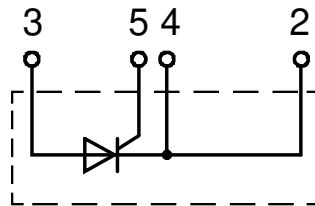
Single Thyristor

Part number

MCO450-20io1



Backside: isolated



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: Y1

- Isolation Voltage: 4800 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

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Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2100	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2000	V
I_{RD}	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 2000 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	mA
		$V_{R/D} = 2000 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		40	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 450 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1,07	V
		$I_T = 900 A$			1,32	V
		$I_T = 450 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1,01	V
		$I_T = 900 A$			1,33	V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		464	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			750	A
V_{T0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0,77	V
r_T	slope resistance				0,42	mΩ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,072	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0,024		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		1600	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		15,0	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		16,2	kA
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		12,8	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		13,8	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		1,13	MA ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		1,09	MA ² s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		812,8	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		788,8	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 700V \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		469	pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^{\circ}C$		120	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			60	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation				20	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 1350 A$			100	A/μs
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 1 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 450 A$			500	A/μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty; \text{ method 1 (linear voltage rise)}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1000	V/μs
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		3	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		300	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		400	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0,25	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		400	mA
		$I_G = 1 A; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s$				
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V \quad R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		300	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	μs
		$I_G = 1 A; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s$				
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 450 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s; dv/dt = 50 V/\mu s; t_p = 200 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		350	μs



Package Y1				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			600	A	
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C	
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C	
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
Weight					650	g	
M_D	mounting torque		4,5		7	Nm	
M_T	terminal torque		11		13	Nm	
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	16,0			mm	
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	25,0			mm	
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	4800			V	
		t = 1 minute	4000			V	



Data Matrix: part no. (1-19), DC + PI (20-25), lot.no.# (26-31), blank (32), serial no.# (33-36)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCO450-20io1	MCO450-20io1	Box	2	467170

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$



Thyristor

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0,77	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	0,22	mΩ



Outlines Y1



Optional accessories for modules

Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red
Type ZY 180L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) UL 758, style 3751



Thyristor

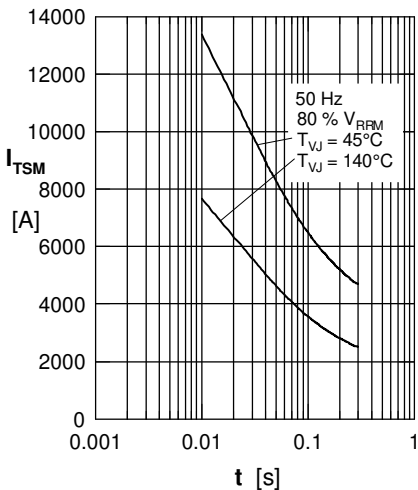


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t: duration

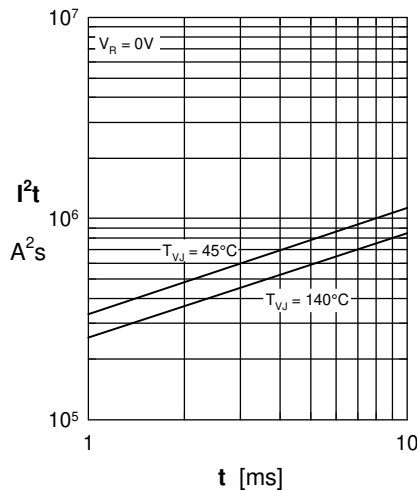


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

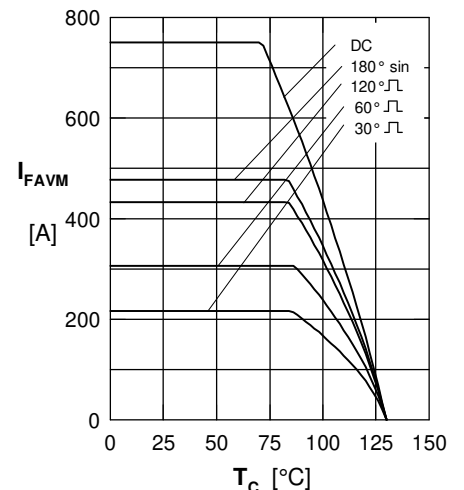


Fig. 3 Maximum forward current at case temperature

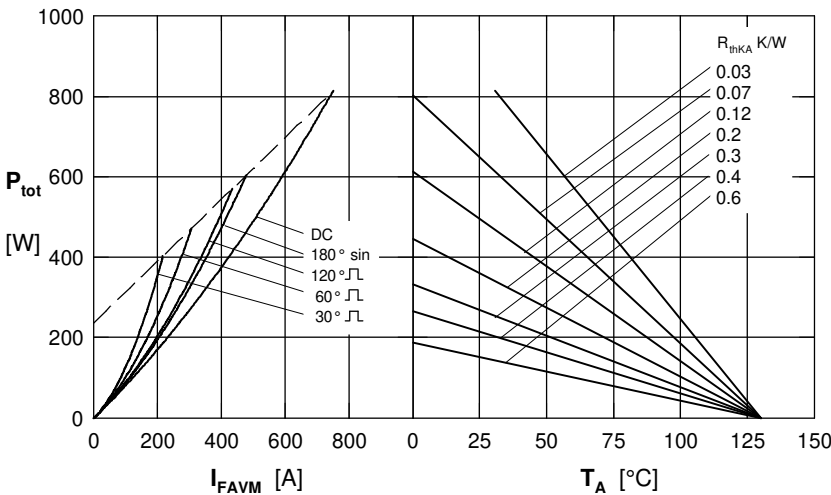


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature

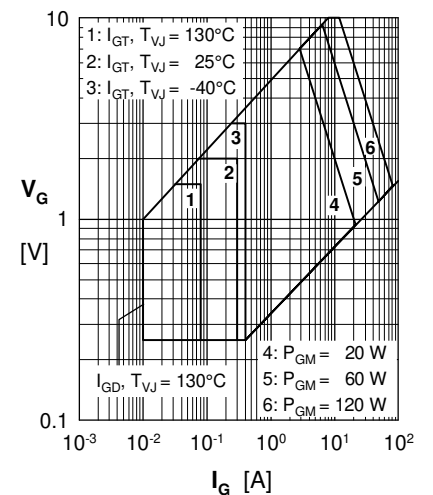


Fig. 5 Gate trigger characteristics

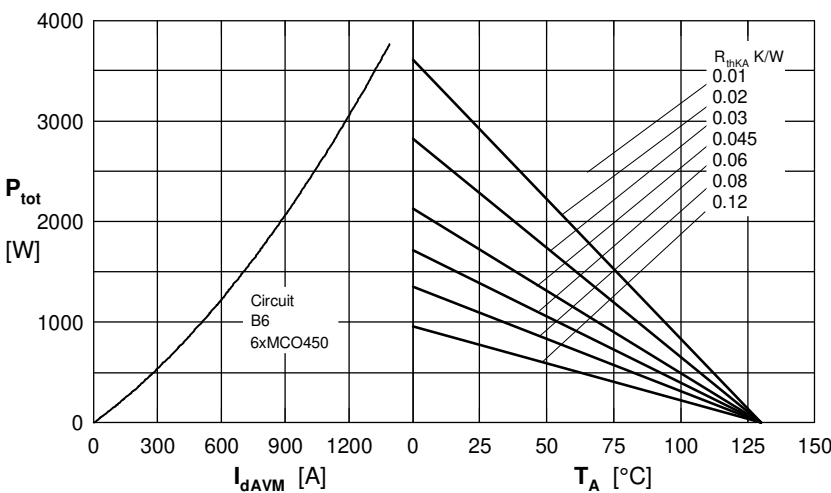


Fig. 6 Single phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation vs. direct output current and ambient temperature. R = resistive load, L = inductive load

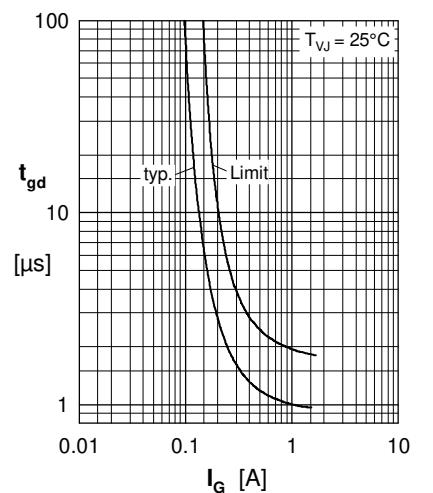


Fig. 7 Gate trigger delay time

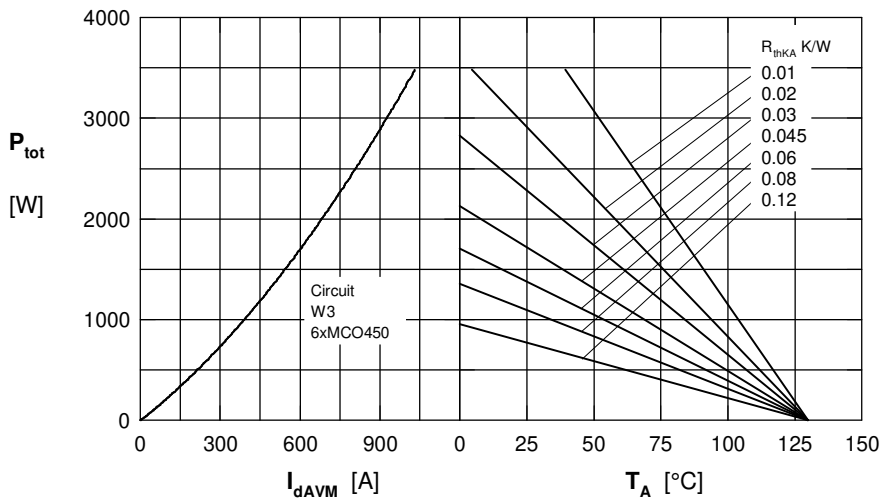
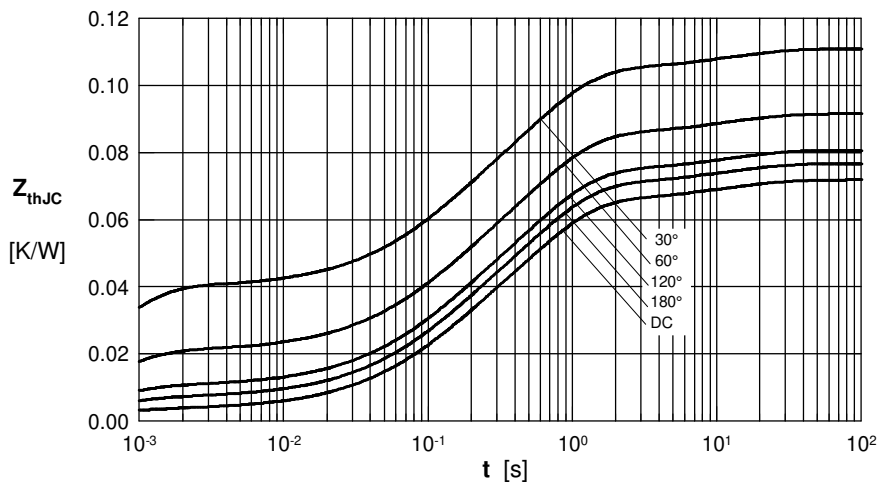
Thyristor


Fig. 8 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature



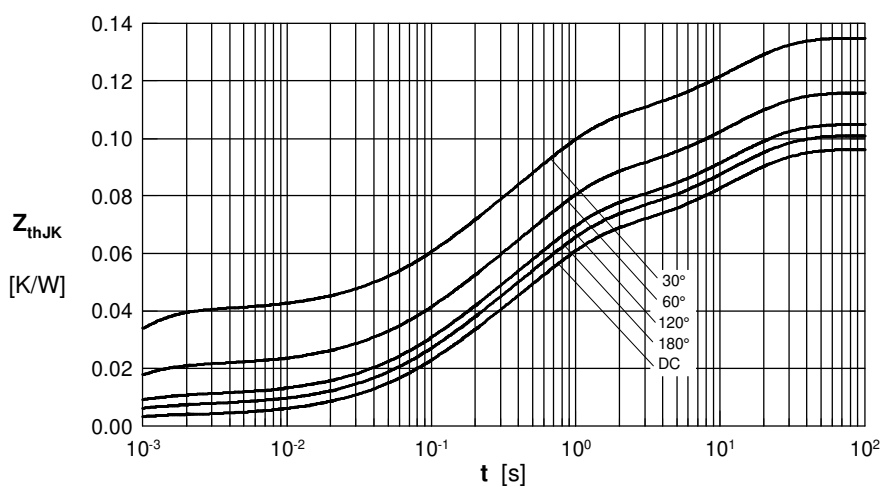
R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.072
180°	0.0768
120°	0.081
60°	0.092
30°	0.111

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12

Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance junction to case



R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.096
180°	0.1
120°	0.105
60°	0.116
30°	0.135

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12
5	0.024	12

Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink